

New Features of Update

Chapter 7 New Features of MALT for Windows Version 2

Of the MANUAL of MALT for Windows

**Appendex 2 References which were mainly used in establishing
MALT Database(Updated)**

Appendex 2 Pourbaix diagram in CHD version 2

New Features of gem 2

Chapter 7 New Features in MALT for Windows

Version 2

7.1 Expansion of Database

Efforts have been made to collect as many compounds and species as possible. Particular efforts have been made on the following compounds and species:

- 1) High temperature compounds and gaseous species. In addition to double oxide compounds/species, double halides are also targeted to expand the availability of database.
- 2) Aqueous species are included from this version. Since the MALT database relies on the NBS chemical thermodynamic data, one strategy is adopted so as to be consistent with the MALT policies; that is, wherever the data are available in the NBS chemical thermodynamic data, such data are adopted first. The last compilation of the NBS data was made in 1982. Since then many data compilations have been made on the aqueous species. Some are made so as to be consistent with the NBS data, whereas others are made on the basis of CODATA recommended values and their consistent data. When such consistency is described, those data which are consistent with the NBS data are adopted in the MALT database.

As a result, numbers of stored compounds/species can be summarized as follows: Here, original and updated compounds are those stored in MALT for Windows version 1 which contained initially 4932 species. This means 6

Table 7.1 Number of compounds/species stored in MALT for Windows, original and updated in vers. 1, and newly added in vers.2

	original	updated	newly added	total
solid	2133	151	1397	3681
liquid	272	0	25	297
aqueous	0	0	1097	1097
gas	2305	65	58	2428
total	4710	216	2577	7503

compounds are deleted: 2 out of 6 is completely deleted because of inappropriateness, whereas 4 compounds are replaced by changing the compound stoichiometric numbers, for example, from $\text{Sr}_3\text{Fe}_2\text{O}_6$ to $\text{Sr}_{1.5}\text{FeO}_3$.

7.2 Special Treatments for Aqueous Species

Originally, the MALT database is designed for high temperature use. This implies that all compound data have the data at 298.15 K as well as the high temperature heat capacity. On the other hand, the thermodynamic properties concerning the aqueous species are mainly available at the standard temperature. Actually, in the NBS chemical thermodynamic data, many data are available only at 298.15 K and in many cases, there can be seen lack in the data of standard enthalpy for formation, the standard Gibbs energy for formation and the standard entropy. In the present compilation of the MALT database, the aqueous species are stored only when those three properties are available. Furthermore, even when the high temperature heat capacity is not available, such data are included in the database. Therefore, special care must be taken.

- 1) In the MALT main program, some functions are restricted for those species having no high temperature heat capacity. For keeping the simple database managing system, hypothetical zero heat capacity is set for those species but the valid temperature region is strictly confined only at 298.15 K. Thus, no extrapolation can be applied for such species

Thermodynamic Table						
O3 [a] Molecular weight 47.9982 (2022/03/15)						
T	C_p	S^0	$H(T)-H(T_0)$	$\langle g_{ef} \rangle$	dH	dG
K	J/K mol	J/K mol	kJ/mol	J/K mol	kJ/mol	kJ/mol
298.15	0.000	146.000	0.000	-146.000	125.900	174.100
No temperature extrapolation is allowed for this(these) compound(s). Thermodynamic constants Unit: J <<< O3 [a] >>>						
Save Exit						

Fig. 7.1 Thermodynamic table for those aqueous species having no high temperature heat capacity. Special message is given in the comment column.

- 2) On the other hand, there is growing interest in utilizing the aqueous species at higher temperature particular in the mineralogy field. In order to meet such interest, the MALT database provide high temperature heat capacity values in the wider temperature region on the basis of recent advances in treatment of heat capacity for the aqueous species.
- 3) In the MALT related software, gem and CHD, special treatments are also adopted for those aqueous species having no heat capacities. Both gem and CHD have great advantages in handling many compounds involved in thermodynamic equilibrium. Therefore, always special warning will be made whenever those species having no high temperature heat capacity are involved in a targeted calculation in gem or CHD. Default setting is to exclude those species when calculations will be made other temperature than 298.15 K.

7.3 Handling UserDataBase

Some new functions of handling thermodynamic data are added for user database as well as the MALT database.

- 1) Read All Data from User DataBase: To assist the management of user database, this function is added. All compounds/species are retrieved so that any of those compounds can be edited in a systematical way using normal MALT data managing facilities.
- 2) Out of Target: Retrieval will be made for the MALT main database as well as the given user database in a special manner and this repeatedly will provide the same set of retrieved compounds. Even so, after retrieval, some of those compounds/species can be deleted out of such retrieved ones. For example, the menu of search Compounds/Delete Compounds provides such a procedure. Those compounds to be deleted from the retrieval table can be selected by using the compound table. In such a case, those deleted compounds/species can be stored in the file. In the next retrieval, those selected compounds listed in the file are automatically excluded. Any compounds in the MALT main database or in the user database can be selected as candidates for this exclusion. The list of Out Of Target can be edited by selecting the menu of Search Compounds/Out of Target.

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Appendix2 Pourbaix Diagram in CHD version

2

A2.1 Basic Idea about how to handle Pourbaix Diagram in CHD version 2

As described in Appendix, the CHD program which was developed to construct the generalized chemical potential diagrams can be utilized to construct the Pourbaix diagrams which are constructed mainly for the low temperature equilibria associated with the aqueous solutions. In the First version of CHD, no special functions were prepared except for some description in Appendix.

1. On the occasion when the MALT for Windows started to include those data for aqueous solutions, new functions are prepared to assist users to construct the Pourbaix diagrams without detailed knowledge about the generalized chemical potential diagrams. This is because those users who want to construct the Pourbaix diagrams are not necessarily to be familiar with the high temperature materials chemistry which is essentially important knowledge to utilize the generalized chemical potential diagrams. On the other hand, the Pourbaix diagram has been well utilized and standardized in the formats on how to construct the Pourbaix diagrams. Thus, CHD version 2 provides the function of *automatic construction* of the Pourbaix diagrams by only selecting the target elements.
2. Even so, the customization should be made in the proper manner about the treatments of specifying conditions to construct the diagrams; namely, the display range of axes, the thermodynamic activities specified for the aqueous species, selections of compounds/species to be considered.
3. Furthermore, it is highly recommended to compare the electrochemical relations appearing in the Pourbaix diagrams with other electrochemical/chemical relations in the generalized schemes. Particularly, in the Pourbaix diagram for the two element system like the Fe-S-O-H-e- system, implicitly the iron(Fe) is selected as the target

element, and some relations associated with sulfur will be neglected. This indicates that those thermodynamic relations appearing in the Pourbaix diagram are just a part of those complicated relations in the multicomponent system and therefore there must be some cases where proper thermodynamic considerations cannot be made without such other relations neglected in the normal Pourbaix diagram. In such a case, it becomes essential to understand thermodynamic equilibria in different circumstances such as the aqueous, the hydrated and the dry systems.

Thus, CHD version 2 provides the followings:

1. Automatic construction based on the selected options.
2. Customization can be made on options for constructing diagrams.
3. Adoptions of the similar procedures and settings to construct the generalized chemical potential diagrams can lead to the construction of the generalized electrochemical potential diagrams.

A2-2 Automatic Construction of Pourbaix Diagrams

When one or two solute elements are selected in the aqueous solution, the Pourbaix diagram is automatically constructed. Only selection should be made on

1. Inclusion of the aqueous species on retrieval of the thermodynamic data in the MALT for Windows.
2. In the MALT for Windows, compounds should be searched by elements.
3. Select the menu of tools > CHD.
4. Obtained compound data are transferred and the construction of diagram is made automatically. Finally, the Pourbaix diagram will appear.

Automatic construction is made based on the following default settings:

1. Target states are the condensed phases as well as the aqueous species, allowing to show the equilibria between the aqueous species and the condensed phases.
2. When two solute elements are selected, the element having the higher NBS order can be selected as the target element to display. Another element is treated to be transparent in the multicomponent diagram.
3. The display range of the coordinates are given prior to construction.
4. The equilibrium lines for evolving O₂ or H₂ are as One dissection. Originally this function of one dissection is to show the profile diagram along the dissected line. Here, however, the dissection line is displayed on

the original diagram without showing another profile diagram of presenting the activity profile of the aqueous species along the dissected line.

A2-3 Customization of constructing and displaying diagram

Selection of compounds or species is important to construct the diagram:

1. Predominance area diagram: When only the aqueous species with/without charge are included, so called predominance area diagram will be constructed. This diagram shows the dominant aqueous species as functions of pH and E/V . the whole area of the diagram is covered by those predominant species of the selected element which have polygon-type stable area. The border line between two different aqueous species corresponds to the electrochemical reaction. For example, the border line between FeO^+ and Fe^{+2} indicates the following reaction:



Here those species of H^+ , e^- and H_2O indicating the species associated with the axes of the diagram and the solvent are involved. The stoichiometric coefficients of those species in the above reaction (A2-1) determines the slope of the border line. This is exactly the same as the normal construction conventions of the Pourbaix or related diagram.

2. The normal Pourbaix diagram can be constructed by choosing the aqueous species as well as the condensed phases.
3. Selections of elements becomes also important to draw the following diagrams:

Selections of displaying polygon mode:

The multi-solute system can be constructed as one of the generalized chemical potential diagrams. However, the conventional Pourbaix diagram for the multicomponent system is setup by focusing one element.

Selection of elements in the profile diagram

In the profile diagram, many profile lines can be shown corresponding to the existing aqueous species. Usually, the solvent related species can be neglected. If users have the focused element, those elements selecting the profile species can be selected.

Selection of thermodynamic activity of the aqueous species

A number of the diagrams can be constructed by changing the thermodynamic activities of the aqueous species. When once this activity value is adjusted, all aqueous species are set to have the same activity.

Selection of range of displaying diagram

The range of the horizontal and vertical axes can be changed. Furthermore, the axes variable itself can be changed.

Change display mode of polygons

Usually for selection of colors to be painted for the stability polygon, several choices are prepared:

Based on the stoichiometric numbers of compounds/species;

Based on the coordinates values;

Based on sequential use of preselected colors.

Furthermore, the brush style and the brightness of the selected color can be selected.

In the aqueous system, those selections can be made based on the state, namely the aqueous, the condensed or the gaseous species.

Selection of target elements for transparent display

Usually, the element having the higher NBS order is selected as the target element to show properly and species without this target element is shown in the transparent manner. This selection can be made among the non-solvent(that is solute) elements.

A2-4 Generalized electrochemical diagrams

For treatment of the aqueous solution, CHD prepares the following specifications associated with the aqueous solutions:

1. The coordinate values, pH , pE , E/V are prepared.

$$pH = -\log a(H^+);$$

$$pE = -\log a(e^-);$$

$$E/V = -(RT/F) \ln a(e^-)$$

In the core part of the CHD algorithm, the charge is treated as pseudo

element. In the aqueous system, the thermodynamic conventions are adopted based on the H^+ ; that is, the enthalpy, Gibbs energy, entropy, heat capacity are defined to be always zero. This leads to the natural adoption that the thermodynamic quantity associated with H^+ species should be used as coordinate variable. This leads to the selection of (H^+ , e^- , H_2O) instead of (H , O , e^-) as the system components. These coordinate variables also can be used as variables to determine the dissection value etc.

2. Other options/selections are the same as the normal generalized chemical potential diagrams. For example, the aqueous solution can be used as one solution or the respective species can be treated separately like in the predominance area diagram.

This means that there can be many approached to investigate the equilibria-related matter in the aqueous chemistry from the generalized electrochemical/chemical point of view. One typical point is the considerations concerning the nucleation of new phases in interfaces between condensed materials or between the condensed phase and the aqueous solution.

From the high temperature chemical point of view, it can be pointed out that some difficulties associated with the aqueous related chemistry is that the kinetic processes are hindered in many ways. In particular, the nucleation of solid substance at the interface between condensed materials seems to be hindered just because the reconstruction of ions to form new crystal structure will not be taken place because of the kinetic barrier for nucleation. Here, however, the high temperature chemistry associated with the congruent or noncongruent decomposition (dissolution etc) provides some essential clue to resolve of the issue about how to apply the thermodynamic considerations to the low temperature chemistry.

For example, consider the Li-Mn-O system which is related to the battery positive electrode and its stability against the chemical environment: Here, we expect that the equilibria between solid materials are not achieved because of lack chances for ions to diffuse and reconstruct the crystal structure. Even when the cation cannot diffuse inside the crystals, the cations and anions can dissolve into the solvent simultaneously. This is so called the congruent dissolution of the condensed phase into the solution. This process is accompanied with only diffusion in the solution not in the solid state. Remember that the precipitation from the solutes in the solution can be treated as one of the equilibria between the solvent and solutes. This is the completely different equilibria from the first one for the congruent dissolution. As a result,

A2-5 Options for save and reproduction

Since one chd project can consist of several diagrams, it becomes convenient for users to save the selected options to construct the diagrams or the conditions of dissections as well as the used thermodynamic data.

Thus, New CHD provides the new functions of saving the thermodynamic data and calculational conditions and of reconstructing those diagrams using the stored thermodynamic data and the calculational conditions.

It is common to construct the different diagrams corresponding to the different conditions by using the same thermodynamic data. For such a case, a number of different selected options can be selected within the same chd project based on the same thermodynamic data.

New Features in gem 2.0

Modification for adopting the aqueous solution

Thermodynamic model for the aqueous solution

The aqueous solution consists of the solvent(H₂O) and solutes. Gem treats this solution as the ideal dilute solution. The chemical potential of the aqueous species, for example Fe⁺², is defined as

$$\mu(\text{Fe}^{+2}) = \mu^\circ(\text{Fe}^{+2}) + RT \ln c(\text{Fe}^{+2})$$

Here $\mu^\circ(\text{Fe}^{+2})$ is the chemical potential value at the standard state and $c(\text{Fe}^{+2})$ is the concentration of Fe⁺². In the ideal solution, no other interactions between solvent and solute or among solutes are considered.

Specification of activity of the aqueous species in the Helmholtz mode

When Helmholtz energy is selected to be minimized to obtain the equilibrium state, the specification of partial pressure of the gaseous species can be applied. In a similar manner, specification of the activity of the aqueous solution can be setup when the aqueous species are available.